

## BOOZE "RUNNERS" HIDE CONTRABAND

Reported "Gang" Has 20,000 Cases of Real Whisky.

RETAILS FOR \$2,400,000

"High Jackies" Making 'Legitimate Bootlegger' Sore

Special to The World.  
BARTLESVILLE, Aug. 24.—National prohibition has given the bootleggers an opportunity to play for huge fortunes. The chance offered is in storing whisky and waiting for higher prices expected to come when liquor becomes scarcer.

There is a story about a gang of "ring" of whisky runners of "home dry" days in central and southern Kansas and northern Oklahoma and Missouri 20,000 cases of whisky. A Wichita man, who knows the bootleggers and who is "joint" have been said to have had extensive dealings with them, is authority for the report that this whisky cost the "ring" \$40 a case, or \$800,000 in cash, and promises to pay secured by signatures and otherwise.

If this is the correct amount stored then at the present price—\$5 the pint—that whisky is worth about \$2,400,000.

Providing they succeed in "conning" the whisky into cities over the two states and selling all of it, the owners would make a profit of \$2,600,000, or about 250 per cent.

Profits Are Enormous.  
These enormous profits, says the acquaintance of the bootlegger gang, explains why men with money will engage in the illicit traffic of liquor and the chances of being sent to the penitentiary. However, the chances of the men who own this vast amount of wet goods being caught is rather slim, as the goods are always handled through a third party, and the men who really finance the game and make the big profits are never known in the deal, save to the peddlers, and these peddlers are afraid to "squeak."

These prices also explain the bitter warfare which is being waged among the bootleggers themselves at this time. For weeks members of the "rings" have battled with others engaged in the liquor business to protect their hidden booze. Realizing that they will not make thousands of dollars if they succeed in finding one of the caches or intercepting a load of liquor being brought from a hiding place into some city, some of the "small fry" have tried—and in cases succeeded—in taking away booze from the rings, aided, it is said, by former members of the constabulary who, posing as officers, arrest drivers or booze cars and then turn the liquor over to third parties, receiving part of the proceeds from the sale for their work.

"High Jackies" Active.  
A slang phrase has been coined by the men engaged in the liquor traffic for this stealing whisky from bootleggers by others in the profession. It is called "high jacking," and the men making a profession of the practice are called "high-jackers," and are considered by "legitimate bootleggers" about the lowest human being in existence.

If the statement made by the acquaintance of the bootleggers is correct, there is one combination of "high-jackers" composed of former peace officers of a nearby county, a former police officer and two men, one of whom has cleaned up thousands of dollars stealing whisky from the "rings."

Right now bootlegging society is anxiously awaiting the outcome of a threat made by this combination of "high-jackers" to steal 300 cases of liquor which one of the heads of the "ring" is reported to have stored in a cache along the river northwest of Wichita. The owner of this booze has been "tipped off" that the combination will attempt to steal his whisky, and he, according to the report, has hired gunmen to protect the liquor at any cost. It is current talk among bootleggers that blood will be shed if the "high-jackers" seek to carry out their threat.

HANDSHAKE CRIPPLED HIM; ASKS \$5,000 DAMAGES

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 24.—John A. Tennyson is a not filed in the circuit court here, says that he has been a cripple for life as the result of a handshake. He asks \$5,000 damages of Riley Briggs, a former policeman, who, he says, fractured one of the bones of his hand.

AFTER YOUR VACATION

Remove Tan and Sun-Freckles By Using the Black and White Beauty Treatment.

The outdoor vacation, whether in the city or country or on the beach, tans, sunburns and freckles the hands, face, neck and arms.

To restore the skin to its natural state a popular beauty preparation is recommended that is simple to use and as delightful as the many lotions, creams, powders, and similar cosmetics, which at the best only cover or hide the discolorations.

In addition to clearing the complexion, Black and White will remove pimples, liver spots and other skin blemishes.

Black and White Ointment can be bought at all good drug stores for 25 cents. Write Black and White, Box No. 913, Memphis, Tenn., for free sample and literature.

BLACK AND WHITE OINTMENT

Brightens the skin

## "Prettiest Legs in Europe" Arrive in U. S.; Insured for \$100,000



Mlle. Bourgeois, the Montignott, French-dramatic dancer, has arrived in the United States to exhibit what have been named "The most beautiful legs in Europe." Mlle. Montignott herself believes her shapely limbs are worth \$100,000 to her and has had them insured for that amount. She brings with her a wardrobe of 135 gowns and 24 pairs of slippers. The picture at the left was taken in her dressing room and shows part of the extensive wardrobe.

## FORESTRY ASS'N WARNS AGAINST "BAD BIG FOUR"

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The forestry world has a "big four," too, and they get in their worst work in the month of August, says the monthly warning issued by the American Forestry association, which will send any reader of this paper a free bulletin on tree planting. The "big four" line up this way: Tussock moth, White Pine Weevil, Locust Miner, The Borer.

Trees are appreciated the most in the hot month of August, and the American Forestry association calls attention to the forest fires that have been sweeping through several states as one of the reasons for a national forest policy, which is so badly needed at this time.

For leaf-eating insects are a source of lead of a standard brand of the thing. Proportions should be about one pound in two gallons of water. For plant lice, white oil soap at one pound to five gallons of water will do the business. The pruning of shade and ornamental trees can be begun this month, and evergreens can be transplanted after August 15. Egg masses of the tussock moth should be collected and burned, as should the cocoons of the hog worm and similar insects.

## Economy Up-Stairs Shoe Store

207 1-2 South Main.

We want to thank the people for their liberal patronage they gave us on our opening day. Sold more shoes than we really expected.

We ask that those who we could not wait on to come again Monday.

Priced Special For Monday and Tuesday

Men's All-Leather Gun Metal .....\$5.15

Men's Outing Bala .....\$2.75

We sell all leather shoes. Ray shoes that wear.

## Economy Up-Stairs Shoe Store

Alexander Bldg. 207 1-2 So. Main

## ATTENTION

MOOSE!

Your Are Requested to Attend Our

## Big Open Meeting

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27

Hear Rev. Harold G. Cooke Deliver His Famous Message

PUBLIC INVITED

MOOSE HALL, 114 1/2 SOUTH BOSTON, 8 P. M.

Admission Free Music Refreshments Served

## NEW CONSULAR POSTS OPENED BY THE WAR

Examination Will Be Ordered Within Next Few Months to Increase List of Eligibles.

## WORK IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT

New Consulates Must Be Opened in Several Countries; Merit System Proves Valuable to U. S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—That an examination to increase the list of eligibles for appointment to consular posts in the American foreign service will be ordered within the next several months, was the information obtained today at the state department.

Authority was given by the last congress, shortly before its adjournment, for the opening of about 25 new consulates as a part of the program for the expansion of that service, made necessary by the increase in American foreign trade, and the more intimate relations into which the world war has brought America with other nations.

The foreign trade of the United States, especially with the latin countries to the south, has been very materially increased, making the establishment of many new consulates necessary. It is pointed out by officials of the state department that it also will be necessary to appoint consuls at the more important cities in the new countries, in which the war gave birth, such as Poland, Czechoslovakia and Siberia.

Although the average citizen has had little opportunity to know of the immense volume of work exceedingly important, and at times most delicate, because of relations with foreign countries during the last few years, it has, nevertheless, played a very important part in bringing America into leadership in affairs of the world. It also is an acknowledged fact that the service performed by the representatives of this country in foreign nations, has earned the gratitude of the people of both hemispheres.

During the three years of war prior to the time that the United States became a belligerent, the diplomatic and consular representatives of this country were entrusted with the affairs of practically all the belligerent nations; those of the allies in the central and chief cities of the central powers and Vice versa. The relations were at all times very delicate and it is a tribute, members of congress point out, to the tact and acumen of the American foreign representatives, that they discharged these duties with the greatest satisfaction to the countries with whose affairs they were temporarily entrusted.

Today the United States has about 250 principal consular offices and about 200 consular agencies. The personnel numbers from 2,000 to 3,000, all of the men especially trained in their work. The reason for the application of lynch law for the first time in the country's history, fathers and mothers are living in constant fear that their little ones may be spirited away by the superstitious negroes to be offered up in sacrifice to "Chango," the god of the "Brujas" as they are called in the Castilian language.

Voodooism is not practiced by the negroes alone. Many white persons also are said to secretly take part in their religious meetings and accusations have been heard in various quarters of the difficulties encountered by officers seeking to break up their temples because of the obstacles placed in their way by persons of influence.

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World's Washington Bureau, Post Building

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Despite this fact, however, the wholesalers deny reports coming from New York that canners are facing a sugar famine because of the inability of refiners to get raw sugar supplies to this country. They declare that there can be no increase in sugar prices until the first of the year, that sugar exports are now ten times as great as they were a year ago; that there are ample sugar supplies to meet the country's severest demands.

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TO SCRUTINIZE ALL REQUESTS

Extravagantly Indulgent

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